WEATHER.

Cloudy tonight and tomorrow, probably light rain; slightly warmer to-

WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1919-THIRTY-EIGHT PAGES.

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CRISIS IN COAL STRIKE

UNCHANGED AS CABINET

No. 27,589.

TO RESERVATIONS

But Opposes Action Which

Would Nullify League, Sena-

tor Hitchcock States.

ADMINISTRATION LEADER

Case of Deadlock on Mo-

tion to Ratify.

In the first test of strength on

the reservations to the peace treaty

proposed by the foreign relations

committee, the Senate refused to-

day, by a vote of 48 to 40, to strike

THAT INTERPRE

STRANGER IN SENATE PRESIDENT AGREES

Horan of New York, attempted to join with the United States Senate today in its debate on the

"Gentlemen," he cried, rising from his seat in the gallery and drawing from his pocket an American flag, "I want to express—" and then the guards reached him. He explained to Capitol police later that he had "divine instructions" that he had "divine instructions" to tell the Senate a few things about the treaty. He was held

TO PLAN FOR PAY **REVISION CLERICAL OUTLINES HIS PROGRAM** No Compromise in View Except in

out the provision which would require acceptance of the reservations by the other powers. Three democrats-Senators Gore, Reed and Walsh of Massachusettsvoted against the motion to strike out, which was offered by Senator McCumber, the only republican to support that motion.

By the same vote, and with the mittees to meet for organization. same partisan alignment, the Senate rejected another amendment offered by Senator McCumber to the preamble, proposing that ac-ceptance of reservations "might be" affected by exchange of diplomatic notes. The committee pre-amble requires such an exchange

of notes.

The Senate also rejected, by a vote of 58 to 25, a proposal by Senator Borah, Idaho, to require that all four instead of three of the great powers be required to accept the reservations. On this vote the mild reservation group of remphiseme aways over with the ber 12, 13, 14, 15 and 17, at the auditorium of the Interior Department, 18th and F streets northwest. republicans swung over with the

President Wilson today told Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, administration leader in the Senate treaty fight, that he would be entirely satisfied with any reservations supporters of the treaty might feel justified in accepting, provided they did not nullify the league of nations covenant and were designed for the purpose of interpreting the terms of the treaty.

The President, Senator Hitchcock said, expressed "his very strong approval" of what had been done to date and agreed that no compromise would be offered unless a deadlock was reached on a resolution of ratification. tion leader in the Senate treaty fight

Outlines His Program.

Senator Hitchcock outlined his program as first an endeavor to defeat the reservations reported by the foreign relations committee, and, if that

Senator Hitchcock said if resolutions of ratification containing the committee reservations were adopted that would settle the fight so far as the Senate was concerned, but that the President could "pigeonhole" the treaty. He declined to speculate as to the probable course of the President should the committee resolution prevail.

dent showed keen interest throughout the conference, and expressed his judgments and opinions energetically. The senator outlined the plan to be followed in consideration of the committee reservations and the President gave general approval.

gave general approval.

"He was laudatory of the success we have achieved so far," the senator said, "and expressed the hope that we would be able to work out some settlement between the reservation senators and those who favor unqualified acceptance of the treaty, whereby we could meet on common ground."

Explains Treaty Status.

Senator Hitchcock explained to the President the present status of the treaty and gave it as his opinion that the republicans could secure adoption of the committee reservations while the Senate sat in the committee of the whole, and the senate sat in the committee of the whole, and the senate sat in the committee of the whole, and the sat in the committee of the whole, and the sat in the committee of the whole, and the sat in the committee of the whole, and the sat in the committee of the whole, who was a required. as only a majority vote was required.
"Our intention then," the senator said,
"If the reservations still are in their present form, is to oppose the resolu-tion of ratification. Some democrats, of course, probably will not line up with us on that, but I am confident we have enough votes to defeat such a resolution of ratification, because twothirds will be required.
"We will then offer a resolution of ratification ourselves which may be

Consideration of the reservations to the treaty reported by the foreign relations committee was continued in the Senate today. The so-called preamble to the reservations, in which it is provided that three of the four principal allied powers shall accept the reservations as part and corolling. principal allied powers shall accept the reservations as part and condi-tion of the ratification of the treaty by the United States, was debated by Senator Robinson of Arkansas. Senator Robinson supported an amendment to the preamble proposed by Senator McCumber of North Da-kota, which would strike out the pro-

vision that the reservations must be

ratification.

He announced he would support "a majority of the committee reservations, including those relating to withdrawal and mandates.

Senator Jones Prevents Vote.

The Senate, unexpectedly, was about to vote on a motion of Senator liitch-cock to ratify the peace treaty without amendment or reservation yesterday aftermoon. Leaders on both sides of the ernoon, leaders on both sides of the chamber had agreed to the proposal. But Just as the roll was about to be called Senator Jones of Washington ob-jected to the unanimous consent agreement necessary to permit the vote's being taken at that time.

The flurry over the proposed vote on

the treaty came just after Senator Lodge, chairman of the foreign rela-

SERVICE HEARINGS

Organization Meetings Will Be Held Twice Daily, Start-

begun today with the issuance of in- salary of \$1,860. vitations to administrative and em- in convincing Congress of the need for ploye members of the central com-mittees to meet for organization. these additional teachers when it is pointed out to the legislators that many Announcement of the date of organization meetings for each of the strictly clerical services, the sum of which includes 60,000 federal workers, or more than half of all who come under the jurisdiction of the reclassification commission, was made by Miss Cornelia Lyne of the bureau of markets, who is chairman of the cleri-

Organization Meetings Listed.

Organization meetings are announced as follows:

November 12—Administrative, supervisory, clerical and business service, 9 a.m.; filing service, 11 a.m.; governmental bookkeeping, accounting and auditing, 1 p.m.; mechanical tabulating machine service, 3 p.m.

November 13—Messenger service, 9 a.m.; office appliance operating service, 11 a.m.; statistical clerical service, 1 p.m.; typing, stenographic, correspondence and secretarial service, 3 p.m.

failed, to vote down the resolution of ratification containing them. His next move would be to present a resolution of ratification of the treaty intact, and should a deadlock ensue to attempt a compromise with republican opponents.

Senetal Michael State of the services will be held very shortly," the special clerical services committee, as appointed by the reclassification commission, and the reclassification commission and the reclassification c

the probable course of the President should the committee resolution prevail.

Senator Hitchcock was with the President for half an hour. Mr. Wilson received him propped up in bed. Senator Hitchcock said the President showed keen interest throughout the senator Hitchcock said the President showed keen interest throughout the senator Hitchcock said the President showed keen interest throughout the senator Hitchcock said the President showed keen interest throughout the senator Hitchcock said the President showed keen interest throughout the senator Hitchcock said the President in all cases."

In addition to Miss Lyne, chairman, other members of the committee in charge of the organization are John Schofield, War Department; William M. Stewart, census bureau; Clyde Reed, Navy Department; Charles E. Raid. Navy Department; Charles E. Bald-win, Department of Labor; Addie S. Hess, war risk insurance; William A. Countryman, census bureau; C. W. Piozet. Navy Department; J.-W. Marbury, War Department, and L. W. Caswell, Federal Trade Commission.

Views of All Desired.

tive officials and the employes should present their views, both orally and written, through chosen representatives," declared the letter of invita-tion. "It is planned to have repre-sentatives for each service meet as a general committee to discuss all problems relating to that service, and, at abdomen. Repeated operations were the same time, to select spokesmen performed, culminating in the amputation, October 27, of his right leg, the who will represent them before the commission, and also submit, in the form of a brief, their recommendations concerning salary ranges."

No dates for further hearings have been set as yet by the reclassification commission, but it is probable that announcement will be made early next week of further hearings. It is probable that announcement will be made early next the submit the probability of the probabili

MR. MARSHALL TO GREET PRINCE ARMISTICE DAY

Canadian Border by Mr. Lansing and United States Officials.

Edward Albert, Prince of Wales, is time next Tuesday, Armistice day, navy, and paralyze the war industries bus will make a round trip in forty accepted by three of the allied powers as a condition of the ratification of the treaty by this country. He contended that it would be a mistake to met by Secretary Lansing of the State coming by special train from the by a general strike, the first sensaminutes.

Canadian border, where he will be tional results of which were seen in of the treaty by this country. He contended that it would be a mistake to adopt this course and would endanger the treaty, besides causing much delay. Speaking against the preamble provision requiring acceptance of the reservations by other powers, Senator Smith, Georgia, said such a requirement would hinder rather than help ratification.

Canadian border, where he will be met by Secretary Lansing of the State Department of the naval mutiny of August, 1918. When the imperial government fell in November, 1918, Herr Haase entered the first coalition cabinet, but retired after a little more than a month's service, which the royal visitor will cross the Canadian border. To August met by Secretary Lansing of the State Department to any interval method at the State Department to day that the royal visitor will cross the Canadian border. When the imperial government fell in November, 1918, Herr Haase entered the first coalition cabinet, but retired after a little more than a month's service, which was marked by constant conflicts with Dr. Solf and Haase's regular socialist colleagues. Elected to the national assembly, he waged vigorous war on the sembly, he waged vigorous war on the sembly, he waged vigorous war on the sembly have been in the naval mutiny of August, 1918.

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The always mutiny of August, 1918.

When the imperial government fell in November, 1918, Herr Haase entered the Nov Vice President Marshall, acting for President Wilson, will meet the prince at the Union station here, and, tion with the Spartacans, although os-

serve as aid-de-camp to the Prince of Wales during his entire sojourn in the United States. He is now on his Index came just after Senator Lodge, chairman of the foreign relations committee, had offered the committee reservations. Senator Underwood objected that the reservations could not properly be considered until the resolution of ratification had been offered. He was assailing the republicans for delay and charging that their methods were designed to prevent a direct vote on the question of unreserved ratification, when Senator Lodge asked:

"If the Senator wants to hasten actions are committee, had offered the committee reservations could not properly be considered until the resolution of ratification had been offered. He was assailing the republicans for delay and charging that their methods were designed to prevent a direct vote on the question of unreserved ratification, when Senator Lodge asked:

"If the Senator wants to hasten actions are committee, having the world war while in charge of all activities of the United States. He is now on his way to this city from his station at Camp Travis, Texas. Gen. Biddle is way to this city from his station at Camp Travis, Texas. Gen. Biddle is well acquainted with the prince, having the world war while in charge of all activities of the United States.

"If the Senator wants to hasten action, when Senator Lodge asked:

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"If the Senator wants to hasten action, when Senator Lodge asked:

"If the Senator wants to hasten action of the Military Academy, and assistant, and acting chief of staff of the Lodge asked:

"If the Senator Underwood the Lodge Action In Hamilton at Camp Travis, Texas. Gen. Biddle is wall acqu

TRIES TO JOIN DEBATE \$133,900 ASKED TO PROVIDE 132 MORE TEACHERS

Commissioners Request the Treasury to Give Congress Deficiency Estimate.

The District Commissioners today asked the Treasury Department to forward to Congress an estimate for a deficiency appropriation for \$133,900 to employ 132 more teachers in the public schools here. The Commissioners acted on a recommendation from the board of education.

This is the first definite step taken to relieve the present teaching force from the strain placed upon it in handling 60,000 children, the largest number ever enrolled in the local public

Two New Positions Contemplated

The estimate provides for two new ing November 12.

Prearations for hearings of the nineteen clerical services in the government here before the joint congressional commission on reclassification of salaries in the District was been serving as principal at her high school teaching salary of \$1.860.

School officials expect little pointed out to the legislators that many classrooms have had to take in more than forty-five children, recognized as the largest number one teacher can teach efficiently.

Teachers Asked For. The number of teachers of each

group asked for in the deficiency esti-mate follows: cal groups' special hearing committee.

Organization meetings will be held every morning and afternoon, Novem
\$1,060 each; class five, thirty-one at \$1,000; class four, twenty-six at \$900; Group A. class six, fifty teachers at class two, twenty at \$860, and class one, five at \$860. The estimate also asks for two additional clerks at \$720 each. These are the basic salaries, exclusive of the bonus.

governmental bookkeeping, accounting and auditing, 1 p.m.; mechanical tabulating machine service, 3 p.m.

November 13—Messenger service, 9 a.m.; examiner service, 1 a.m.; personal service, 9 a.m.; examiner service, 1 p.m.; molecular to board of education single praises resrvice, 9 a.m.; mall service, 1 a.m.; counters, 1 p.m.

November 15—Docket service, 1 p.m.; molecular tactor of education will decide what action should be taken of the temporary of the molecular service, 1 a.m.; counters, 1 p.m.

November 15—Bocket service, 1 p.m.; molecular tactor of the schools opened in September would be solved.

The next important matter the school supposes to molecular tactor of the school board has to meet is to find and there was no substitute to be and there was no substitute to substitute and there was no substitute to substit

FATAL TO HAASE

mission: Maximum Fare, 10 Head of German Independent The Public Utilities Commission to-Socialists Wounded by day granted permission for the operation of a motor bus line from 14th street Austrian October 8.

BERLIN, November 7 (by the Associated Press.-Hugo Haase, president of the independent socialist party, died for the operation of three automobile this morning from wounds received passenger lines as follows: From 15th October 8, when he was shot three times and H streets northeast to the bureau "It is desirable that the administra- when entering the reichstag building.

Shot by Austrian.

announcement will be made early next acted upon personal acted upon personal though there was a natural tendency able that policemen, firemen and to seek a political background for the deed, since Haase was about to the deed, deliver a sensational speech, charging the government with encouraging the retention of German troops in the Baltic and with fostering attacks upon radicals by "murder bureaus."

Lawyer by Profession.

Herr Haase, who was a lawyer by profession and fifty-six years old, succeeded to the mantle of August Bebel as president of the German social Royal Visitor Will Be Met at democratic party, but broke with the party in 1915 on the question of voting war credits, believing that to secure peace it was necessary to refuse financial support to the government even at the risk of German defeat. In addition to this open policy, the new independent socialist party promoted an underground campaign

The busses will operate from 7 am. promoted an underground campaign

preceded by a military escort, will tensibly opposing any radical alliance. His particular aversion was Minister of Defense Noske and the methods of the Defense and Suite tensibly opposing any radical alliance.

The program of entertainment probably will be announced this afternoon by Assistant Secretary Phillips of the State Department. It will include visits by the prince to the White House, Mount Vernon and the Naval Academy.

Maj. Gen. John Biddle, U. S. A., will serve as aid-de-camp to the Part of Wales during the Chancellors in the Commission is the maximum which can be charged on these routes. The commission last year laid out a boundary line around the city within which 10 cents also is the maximum which can be charged on these routes. The commission last year laid out a boundary line around the city within which 10 cents also is the maximum which can be charged on these routes. The commission last year laid out a boundary line around the city within which 10 cents also is the maximum which can be charged on these routes. The commission last year laid out a boundary line around the city within which 10 cents also is the maximum which can be charged on these routes. The commission last year laid out a boundary line around the city within which 10 cents also is the maximum which can be charged on these routes. The commission last year laid out a boundary line around the city within which 10 cents also is the maximum which can be charged on these routes. The commission last year laid out a boundary line around the city within which 10 cents also is the maximum which can be charged on these commission.



CONGRESSMAN'S WIFE "WAS TEACHER" IN OTHER'S ABSENCE

That there is a scarcity of school teachers in Washington was impressed upon Mrs. J. Q. Tilson, wife she took off her hat, established here. of the representative representing the self at the teacher's desk and taught third Connecticut district, the other school all day. The pupils soon found she could preserve order as well as lead them interestingly along the pathway of knowledge.

Authorized by Utilities Com-

Cents: Might Be 6.

and Park road to the government build-

ings in the vicinity of 18th street and

to 15th and H streets northwest.

begin operating within two

service with other routes.

The motor bus permit was issued to George C. Cohan, Paul C. O. Davis and Charles B. Whittington. This group of men will start the service with three

buses, seating twenty passengers each, and of design similar to street cars.

Fare May Be Six Cents.

Passengers will enter the buses by the front door, the chauffeur acting as

Mr. Whittington said that if the first line proves a success he and his

associates will consider extending the

Route of First Line.

as follows: From 14th street and Park road to

Other Permits Issued.

The other permits were issued as To Augustus G. Smith, jr., to op-erate from 15th and H streets north-

east to the bureau of engraving and printing via H street, Massachusetts avenue, I street, New York avenue, H

To Michael Hertz, to operate from 8th and K streets northeast to the

navy yard via 8th street, and also from 14th and H streets northeast to 15th

and H streets northwest, via H street

Massachusetts avenue, New York ave-

nue and H street.
Under the commission's ruling 10

Soldiers Called to Colors-Ultimat-

um to Italy Expected.

street, 17th street and B street.

The route of the first line will be

Under a ruling of the utilities com-

Virginia avenue.

More Space Is Next Problem.

If Congress should grant these appropriations, one of the big problems the authorities have been facing since the schools opened in September sters were having the time of their sters were having the time of their lives. The regular teacher was ill as never before that "mother can do anything."

And the school authorities were not slow to express to Mrs. Tilson their slow to express to Mrs. Tilson their slow to express to Mrs. Tilson their slow to express to Mrs. Tilson their

AUTOS TO BE RUN Wilson Hotel in Atlanta Scene of Blaze-Guests Rescued From Windows.

ATLANTA, Ga., November 7 .- At least three persons lost their lives and nearly a score were injured, some seriously, in a fire in the Wilson Hotel here early today. Damage to the building was confined to the interior. Scores of men and women were rescued by firemen. One of the dead was a woman who leaped to the street be-Virginia avenue.

The commission also granted permits | fore the firemen arrived. Fire Chief | Cody said he feared more bodies might be found in the building.

One Identified as the Manager. Of the three dead announced by firemen one was a man said to be manager of the hotel, one a woman and the third body was so badly of engraving and printing, from 8th and K streets northeast to the navy yard and from 14th and N streets northeast burned that it was sent to a morgue without the police having determined whether it was that of a man or a woman.

The fire apparently broke out in the second story of the building, of which the ground floor is occupied by which the ground hoor is occupied by stores and a moving picture theater and the two upper stories by the hotel. Greatest damage was to the interior of the hotel floors, although the lower floor was damaged by water. The fire was put out before mission a maximum fare of 10 cents may be charged. Mr. Whittington said today the rate of fare has not been decided on, but that it might be 6 cents. This would be one-fourth of

Scores Appear at Windows.

The flames, first noticed by a negro chambermaid in an upstairs hotel across the street, had burst out of the windows along the side of the building and five minutes later were sucked up toward the roof. By the time the firemen arrived scores of men and women were hanging out of of the guests, among whom were a number of soldiers, was able to save more than a few personal belongings, hastily grabbed up, and most of them wore only their night clothes. Several women were hysterical. .Those who were injured were rushed to the city hospital, where it was said two or three might die.

Latest News Photographs

Next Sunday's Star

The Rotogravure Section is supplied with photographs by camera men who "cover" the entire world. Here are just a few subjects in the section for next Sunday: "Junior Red Cross Bouquet for the President." "Degree Presented to King "The 'Mum' Show."
"Hay-Wagon Photos of ex-"Rededication of the Court-

Order Your Copy

And dozens of others.

The Star Today

IN CLOSE RACE FOR \$100,000 GOALS

Financial Committee Vies

needed to enable the Red Cross to carry out its war-time program and obligations, two distinct organizations have been established within local Red Cross circles to make the campaign a success from both stand-points, and it is between these two committees, one having members and the other money for its main object, that the race exists. Frank J. Hogan and Charles I. Corby were selected to lead the financial committee and to secure subscriptions for \$100,000 to enable the

they will come to the front before to-morrow night. "While the new and renewed memberships are rolling in at an exceptionally gratifying rate, the donations for the \$100,000 fund, to complete the war-time program of the American Red Cross, are not keeping pace with the enrollments." said Mr. Corby, vice chairman of the finance committee, at the conclusion of a meeting of that body at headquarters, 1719 H street, last evening.

Care for Wounded.

"It is as vital to the success of the campaign to obtain the fund of \$100,000 fixed by Potomac division men and women were nanging out of windows screaming and crying.

Those who escaped the flames were brought down on fire ladders. None of the guests, among whom were a tained in this drive. One is for money of the Red headquarters as it is to obtain the to complete the work of the Red Cross for our soldiers and their fam-llies. There are 30,000 wounded men in the hospitals of this country, 2,000 of these in Walter Reed Hospital.

The families of a great number of them must be looked after through the home service department of our organization. In Europe there is no limit to the needs for rassistance. To round out these obligations of the Red Cross \$15,000,000 will be required, and Washington is called upon to contribute \$100,000 as her share.

Examination as the Army. If any mine his fitness for the Army. If any of you people can show me the difference between the conscript today and the slave of 1861, I will gladly listen to you.

"At a meeting held in Detroit January 5, 1919, Maurer further said:

"Let me say to my socialist friends that you cannot be too revolutionary for me, for cannot be too revolutionary as the next one, let the statements issued by both government and labor representatives outlining their policies stopped their public activities toward a settlement of the strike, the opposing factions, apparently, were awaiting the outcome of the court proceedings.

Preparations of a far-reaching nature were made operative by the government of the strike, the opposing factions, apparently, were awaiting the outcome of the court proceedings.

Preparations of a far-reaching nature were made operative by the government of the strike to apparently.

Units of 23 European Countries.

At the present time, it is announced, there are Red Cross units councils. Until that day comes, we can give the honest patriotic work-

(Continued on Tenth Page.)

the Red Cross, at heart, to send in a donation at once toward this fund. Checks or cash can be sent to Thomas

Thanksgiving victory roll call, 1719 H

Sweeney, chairman

DRIVE ON RADICALS BY GOVERNMENT IS

DISCUSSES

The United States government refuses to surrender its power of injunction and insists that the coa strike be called off.

That in a nutshell is what Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer told Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, who came as an intermediary in the hope of settling the coal strike. Unquestionably the was acting with the knowledge of the head of the coal miners' union though he was careful in his conference to represent himself only as a go-be-

The Attorney General listened to the argument of Mr. Gompers, who was accompanied by Frank Morrison and Mathew Woll, vice president and secretary, respectively, of the American Federation of Labor. They pointed out the difficulties and dangers of the restraining order whose character is to be made permanent or not, ac-cording as Judge Anderson rules in the federal court at Indianapolis to-morrow. But it seems certain that unless the coal strike is called off. the injunction will be made permanent and the difficulties of the coal miners in extricating themselves from legal entanglements will be increased.

Without Definite Promise.

Mr. Gompers was unable to promise definitely that if the government withdrew its application for a permanent injunction the coal strike would be called off. He could present no guarantee to that effect, no assurance on behalf of any organization. He had simply an "abiding faith" that if the government withdrew the injunction the coal strike could be settled in forty-eight hours.

Financial Committee Vies

With Membership Group

And the school authorities were not slow to express to Mrs. Tilson their appreciation of her services as a volunteer substitute.

THREE PERSONS DIE

THREE PERSONS DIE

THREE PERSONS DIE

SCORE HURT, INFIRE

Financial Committee Vies

With Membership Group

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THREE PERSONS DIE

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With Membership Group

And the school authorities were not slow to express to Mrs. Tilson their appreciation of her services as a volunteer substitute.

One of the keenest contests that has marked any drive in the National Capital for years has been developed by the Thanksgiving victory roll call of the American Red Cross, in progress the illegality was present. And the United States over the miners to call out the strike was in progress the illegality. He would not for a moment countenance illegality. He would not for a moment of the promising ties that the injunction would be withdrawn. He would say was that if the strike were separate quota of \$100,000 in a fund needed to another the substitute.

Struke coal strike could be settled in forty-eight hours.

The Attorney General's answer was characterized by a spirit of firmness and finality that was unmistakable. He declared that in his opinion the miners were doing an illegal thing by striking. He said they had been asked not to strike, but had ignored the request of the President of the President of the President of the United States and had flounted the authority of the government. So long as the striking. He said they had been asked not to strike, but had ignored the reconstitution to the promise of the president of the United States and had flounted the authority of the president of the President of the President of

The situation resolves itself, there-fore, into this: Bhould the coal miners present to the federal court a state-ment saying that the strike order had ment saying that the strike order had been revoked the government would simultaneously present a request that the injunction be vacated.

Messrs. Gompers, Woll and Morrison retired to think it over just as the Attorney General motored from the Department of Justice to the Executive Mansion, where he dropped in a few minutes on the President prior to the beginning of the cabinet meeting in the adjacent offices of the White House.

cial committee and to scribe scriptions for \$100,000 to enable the Red Cross to carry out its program of relief for the distress in Europe and care for the 30,000 wounded soldiers in hospitals and many of their families.

Membership Teams in Lead.

Edward B. Eynon, jr., and B. C. Sattefield were appointed to look after the membership end of the race, the \$100,000 to be derived from 100,000 members to be devoted to the peacemembers to be devoted to the peacemembers to be devoted to the peacemembers are series in the adjacent offices of the meeting in the adja

ods will set back the righteous cause of labor for half a century, because it will undo much that the wise, able and patriotic leaders of organized labor have been able to accomplish in America. The high position of American labor today is due chiefly to the splendid leadership of men like Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and William can Federation of Labor, and William B. Wilson, Secretary of Labor, an honored citizen of our own state. "But Maurer is not of their kind.

He has avowed his purposes in no uncertain manner. At a mass meeting of socialists at Arion Hall, Portland, Ore., July 29, 1917, Maurer said: Quotes Maurer's Speech.

"Why are we at war? Because now in force.

Morgan, Schwab, Wilson and others
are afraid of losing millions of BritNation's E ish security and because the moneye powers want war, so as to sell more mu-nitions. What is conscription? Today the conscript is called before an exlies. There are 30,000 wounded men amining board and given a similar in the hospitals of this country, 2,000 examination as the slave to determine these in Walter Reed Hospital.

contribute \$100,000 as her share.

"This fund is, therefore, not to be confounded with the money to be derived from memberships. That is to carry on the work of the Red Cross in 1920, both in the nation and in the city here along the lines of the peace time plans.

cannot be too revolutionary for me, tot I am as revolutionary as the next one. but I am not preaching that bomb and torch stuff. I am not altogether satisfied with the American Federation of Labor and perhaps some of you are not, but go on the inside and make it be too revolutionary for me, tot I am as revolutionary as the next one. Public interest in case of an indefinite stoppage of a part of the soft coal production. Among the more important measures were the orders to discontinue the bunkering of foreign-owned ships in American ports and to curtail train service when it was

Hopes for Brighter Day. The Attorney General read other excerpts and said: "It will be a glad

there are Red Cross units operating in twenty-three countries in Europe, working among the devastated areas and the impoverished people. Malnutrition among the children has created a stupendous task in itself, and without the aid of the Red Cross this cannot be successfully accomplished. It is, therefore, hoped that the seriousness of the situation will result in a prompt response from those who have so generously and so humanely contributed to the Red Cross in the past.

Enrellment lis announced, we can give the honest patriotic working memor of the nation no greater help than by preventing the Maurers and the Fosters from accomplishing their than by preventing the Maurers and the Fosters from accomplishing their than by preventing the Maurers and the Fosters from accomplishing their than by preventing the beginning of a concerted drive on radicalism on the part of the Wilson administration, of which President Wilson's telegram to Gov. Coolidge congratulating him on his election in Massachusetts as a victory, for law and order, may be said to have been the forerunner.

It is an effort to distinguish between the conservative and radical leaders. those who have so generously and so have been the forerunner. It is an effort to distinguish between the conservative and radical leaders of labor, and to impress the rank and according to the estimate of Mr. Eynon, financial chairman of the enconsideration if they are represented rollment department, made last night. by extremists and revolutionaries. (Convright, 1919.)

SITUATION "Hour and a Half Wasted," Declares Secretary Glass.

TWO CENTS.

HOPE WAS HELD FOR END OF TIE-UP

Mr. Palmer Emphatic in Injunction Course Until Mines Reopen.

The strike of the bituminous coal miners in particular and the industrial situation,in general were discussed today by President Wilson's cabinet at a special meeting called by Secretary Lansing of the State Department. Fuel Administrator Garfield and Director General Hines of the railroad administration met with the cabinet. When the meeting adjourned, Secretary Glass, in reply to questions as to what had been accomplished, said: "Just an hour and a half wasted."

Out of today's meeting of the cabinet it had been expected would come some definite move looking to an early end-ing of the mine strike. It was known that some of the President's closest advisers had been at work as volun-teer mediators and they had brough things to a point where a settlement was almost in sight. But the situation is so delicate that there has been danger at any moment that something might crop up to "spill the beans." As things stood today, the horses had been led up to the trough, but it remained to be seen whether they would drink.

Opposed to Gompers' Proposal.

Before the cabinet assembled Attorney General Palmer reiterated to Samuel Gompers that the government was unalterably opposed to the pro-posal of Mr. Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, that the injunction sult against the United Mine Workers of America be withdrawn as a preliminary to the ending of the strike and the negotiation of a new agreement between the

when Mr. Palmer left the cabinet meeting he reiterated that the inmeeting he refterated that the injunction proceedings would be withdrawn the instant the officials of the miners' union called off the strike.

Mr. Palmer hurried to his office, where he was to have another conference with Gompers, Woll and Morrison.

None of the members of the cabinet would say what transpired at the

Secretary Wilson Silent.

Secretary Wilson would not reply to questions as to whether he had op-posed the decision of the government He is reported to have opposed such action in the first place. Director General Him Garfield were with the cabinet about an hour, but neither had anything to say. They left the White House fifteen minutes before the meeting ended.

It was said that the government's offer to arbitrate the controversy was still open and that unless it was acstill open and that unless it was ac-cepted and the strike ended there was

Gompers Fears Long Strike.

That the strike of the United Mine Workers of America will never be set-tled, or at least it will be prolonged in-definitely, if the temporary injunction issued by the United States court of Indianapolis against the officers of the mine workers' union is made permanent when the matter comes up for final the membership end of the race, the \$100,000 to be derived from 100,000 members to be devoted to the peacetime program of the Red Cross at home, which includes welfare work in military hospitals, home service among soldiers, sailors and marines, home hygiene, first aid, relief in epidemics and disasters and child welfare work.

At present the membership teams have a slight lead on the financial solicitors, but the latter declare that they will come to the front before toof making the temporary injunction permanent, as such a permanent injunction would block all efforts to bring about a settlement of the strike through arbitration or other channels. Further than this Mr. Gompers would not discuss his conference with Mr. Palmer.

The conference between the head of the American Federation of Labor and The conference between the head of the American Federation of Labor and the Attorney General lasted something like half an hour. It was terminated by the hour approaching for the cabinet meeting, which Mr. Palmer had to It was said at the Department of Justice, after the departure of Mr. Gompers, that Mr. Palmer would prosecute the case against the strik-

in the temporary injunction Nation's Eyes on Indianapolis. The eyes of the nation were turned today toward Indianapolis, where to-

rs along his original plans, as con-

morrow action is scheduled to be taken on the temporary restraining order against leaders of the union

ernment officials to safeguard the public interest in case of an indefinite stoppage of a part of the soft coal "We have already had \$30,000 subscribed to the war-time fund, and I now issue an earnest appeal to every citizen in Washington who has the interest of humanity and, therefore, the Red Cross, at heart, to send in a donation at once toward this fund. Checks or cash can be sent to make the interest of humanity and therefore.

From some points cries of alarm were heard over the low supply of coal, and in these cases consignments of fuel were ordered dispatched speedily. No actual suffering was believed im-minent, but the government was con-vinced that the consumption now is far greater than production, and retrenchment is necessary.

Operators claimed reports to them showed that conditions at the mines were improving while leaders of the miners asserted they were holding their own, and in some instances their ranks had been enlarged.

No Change, Says Ames.

Before leaving Washington ast torney General Ames, in charge of the government's case, declared there was no change in its policy toward the strike, and that he would endeavor to obtain a renewal of its temporary injunction

Reports from agents of the Depart-ment of Justice and from miners and